IN THE PRESIDENT'S HANDS COMMISSIONERS FORMALLY SUBMIT

THE TREATY OF PEACE.

JUDGE DAY MAKES THE SPEECH OF PRES-ENTATION-THE CEREMONY BRIEF.

washington, Dec. 24.-President McKinley velate this afternoon the treaty of peace between the United States and Spain. In presenting

member, followed, with Mr. White House, and joined the Commisas they went before the President.

A. DRESS OF JUDGE DAY.

the room, where the party ranged themselves a large holder of Cuban bonds. dent's response some time was spent in informal conversation regarding the trip, and then all the Commissioners, except Judge Day, departed.

The latter remained with the President for diagram of the could not induce us to withdraw from our poner, intending to leave with Mrs. Day at 7:20 stillon and that we were finally on the verge of delivering an ultimatum to them, they agreed to for Canton, where they are anxious to see their for Canton, where they are anxious to see their delivering an ultimatum to them, they agreed to

It was stated after the delivery of the treaty It is the impression that with the submisthe subjects touched by the treaty, it is said remarkable fact that the Commissioners were enabled to complete their work in Paris in almost exactly the time predicted by Judge Day. French papers continues hostile to this country. the president of the American Commission, he- Almost without exception they likened the acfore he left the United States, although there tion of the United States to the builtying of a was a complete change in the instructions relating to at least one most important subject connected with the treaty.

It is expected that the treaty will be submitted to the United States Senate almost im- in response to a question as to what he thought mediately after the reassembling of Congress.

SENATOR HALE'S OPPOSITION. A STATEMENT TAKEN TO MEAN THAT HE WILL

OPPOSE THE TREATY'S RATIFICATION. Lewiston, Me., Dec. 24 -A dispatch to "The ator Hale revealed to-day his determination to op-Pose the ratification of the treaty.
"The newspapers," said the Senator, "are reportthe ratification of the treaty.

ing that this Senator has yielded and then that an- said that Aguinaldo's representative, Agoncillo, other Senator has. These seem to be the tactics had not appeared before the Commission in any of the friends of the treaty." This statement is way whatever. He had called on Senator Database and the commission of the treaty." taken as an equivalent to a positive declaration of

PEACE ENVOYS AT HOME.

RETURN ON THE ST. LOUIS AND TAKE THE TREATY TO WASHINGTON.

SENATOR PRYE TALKS BRIEFLY OF THE WORK OF THE COMMISSION-THE TASK WAS ARDUOUS BECAUSE EVERY POINT

Senator Cushman K. Davis, of Minnesota; Senathur W. Ferguson, Spanish interpreter; Frank assistant secretary to the Commission; Ruther-Miss Reid, Mrs. Gray and the Misses Gray. Mrs. Moore and child, and a number of clerks and stenographers. The treaty brought by the

16, and travelled by way of the Calais route | probability of negetiations being broken off, be

tween Staten Island and Liberty Island, and garding the work of the Commission. He added that the Commissioners were going at once to Senator Gray. Washington to deliver their report to the President, and that their report might be made public there last night

SENATOR FRYE ON THE NEGOTIATIONS. Senator Frve at first showed an inclination were prepared to discuss the details of a treaty thing the treaty under his arm. All the mem- promptly refused by the representatives of the bers of the Commission being now assembled. United States, and, while protesting against the Besides the President, Secretary Hay and Philippines, the Spanish Commissioners made the Commissioners, there were present Arthur | debt, which they insisted that the United States mission, when the American and Spanish rep- ness with which the Spaniards contested the resentatives were together, and Messrs. Hay and off reputations of the second not unlikely at one time to break off negotiations Senator Frye intimated that Gray, sons of the Secretary and Senator, and the determined stand taken by the Spaniards in the matter of the assumption of the Cuban debt The F. mident stood at the further end of of the president of the Spanish line whose steamships ply between this port and Cuba, himself

Senator Frye went on to say that the Spanish dressed the President. His remarks were in- Commissioners had comparatively slight objecformal and impromptu, brief, dignified and to tions to giving up Cuba and Porto Rico, but when it came to the question of relinquishing the point in assuring the President of the satisfaction the Commission felt that its labors test. So averse were the Spaniards to giving up were ended in such a way as to give promise of the islands in the Pacific that on no less than

GOOD OPINION OF MONTERO RIOS. Senator Frye was of the opinion that Senor

went to his home in Delaware, and Senators Montero Rios was an exceedingly able man. He Davis and Frye remain at their homes in Wash- had little chance to judge of the qualities of the other Spanish Commissioners, because little talking was done on their side except by Senor Montero R.os. For the American Commissionto the President, that it would not be made ers Judge Day, as chairman, acted as spokespublic at present, the usual courtesy to the man. The American Commissioners met by Senate requiring that it should be submitted to themselves each morning at 10 o'clock, and after that body before being made public. In the needful deliberation instructed the chairman mean time it will remain in the custody of the what to say at the meeting of the Joint Com-State Department for safe keeping, although Senator Frye, referring to the personal attitude copies of it will be in the hands of the Presi- of the Spanish Commissioners, said that while have been reasonably expected under the circumstances, yet they were at all times polite gion of the treaty to the President the official and courteous. They accepted the invitation of existence of that body will have terminated. General Fornce Porter, the American Ambassa-Should there be accasion, which is scarcely dor to France, to attend a farewell dinner given conceivable, for further negotiations on any of in honor of the Joint Commission, but the Span- THE RUSSIAN MINISTER OF FINANCE DECLINES ish Ambassider did not return the courtesy. Still, the Senator said, it should be remembered that when the Spanish Commissioners were appointed Spain owned a colonial empire, and an entirely new Commission. It is a rather when those Commissioners had discharged their duties the better part of it had passed from her

> According to Senator Frye, the attitude of the wenk Power by a strong one, and declared that America was exacting the last farthing from a bankrupt nation.

> Senator Frye was quoted later on as saying, Spain would do in the matter of the Cuban debt, that he thought she would repudiate it. Senator Cushman K. Davis declined to say

the version of it that had already appeared in awarded to the Pennsylvania and Maryland print in this country was correct or not. He

Y. & S. ACME LICORICE PELLETS Will not fail to please the most exacting palate. bc. boxes, or as wanted in bulk. All druggists.— vis, and inquired the best way to communicate with the Commission, and was told to address Judge Day, the chairman, in writing. But this he never did.

EVERY POINT FOUGHT FOR

The Senator said that the work of the Commission had been arduous, for the reason that every point gained had to be fought for from start to finish. The Spanish Commissioners objected on principle to every proposition advanced, and the formation of each article of the treaty as it appeared when signed was secured only by dint of determined effort.

Senator George Gray, of Delaware, did not

Senator Davis presided at a concert on board particularly, Senator Davis said, with regard occupation of the Philippines and the as-

Allother passenger on the St. Louis was the adier-Ceneral C. A. Whittier, who went to Manila as Assistant inspector-General on General Merritt's staff, but who was later put in charge of the customs at the port of the customs at the customs at the customs at the customs at the port of the customs at the cust the customs at the port of August 20 to October 31. that the revenue from the port duties at illa reached \$1,000,000, but, he explained, When he took charge of the customs a state of chaos, and he under more felicitous conditions.

declared that the natives were as a rule, peace-oving and thrifty. "What they want most of g and thrifty. "What they want most of he said, "is either no government at all or tion teaches me that they will welcome any

neral Whittler said he had met Aguinaldo,

ognized cheers were raised in turn for each, the Commissioners came up the gangplank bugler played "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," and followed it with the strains of "Home, Sweet Home." The courtesies of the port had been ex-tended to the Commissioners, and in consequence their baggage was passed by the Custom the State Department. Accompanying Mr. Carter was Adelbert S. Hay, son of the Secretary of State, both of whom came direct from Washington to convey the President's personal washington to convey the President's personal congrat lattions and to superintend the arrangements for the journey of the Commission to the capital. The Commissioners travelled to Washington on a special train, which left the Jersey City terminus of the Pennsylvania Bailroad at

THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

been alding Commissioner-General Peck in promofations for American exhibitors at the Ex- appearance when they parade.

ber of his staff have been at all times most cordially received by the Paris Exposition officials, and I may say we were generously treated so far as according to our requests for additional exhibit space for, it should be known, the limits of the Paris Exposition grounds are fixed by inflexible boundaries. The work of constructing the different exhibition palaces, the great Alexander Bridge and the quays that are to line the banks of the River Seine is being vigorously prosecuted, while all other indications point to that success which the French people always enjoy for their ex-

RECEPTION FOR JUDGE DAY.

Canton, Ohio, Dec. 24.-At a meeting of the Stark County Bur Association, held here to-night, it sided to tender a reception and dinner to Judge W. R. Day, the president of the Peace Commission. on his return to this city. The date of the banquet

MR. IVINS'S PROPOSAL REJECTED.

De Witte, is unable to accept the proposal (recently communicated by the United States GEN, BATES TO COMMAND AT CIENFUEGOS. Chargé d'Affaires, H. H. D. Pierce), of William

RUSSIA BUTING AMERICAN STEEL

Washington, Dec. 24.-Ambassador Hitchcock, at St. Petersburg, cabled to the Secretary of anything about the treaty or to say whether rails for the Eastern Churese Railroad has been

MUENCHENER, BOTTLED AT THE BREWERY, 51.25 per case of 24 bottles. On sale at Hotels, Restaurants and Grocers' Mail orders or telephone 184 Wikiamsburgh. Olto Huber Brewery, Brooklyn-

TO PARADE IN HAVANA.

MILITARY DISPLAY IN THE CUBAN CAP-ITAL ON JANUARY 1.

AT NIGHT-ORGANIZING A POLICE PORCE-PATRIOTIC DEMONSTRATION.

States troops through the city will take place of the control of the island to the United States. hundred men each, here including the arrivals of to-day-the 6th Misseuri Regiment, on the display will be made, as numerous details of the

Military men are divided in opinion as to the

tain March, paid an official visit this afternoon to Captain-General Castellanos. Brigadler-General Clous, secretary of the American Evacuation Commission, called at the palace to-night to sign and exchange notes with the Captain-General with reference to arrangements for the ceremonles of January 1.

UNITED STATES SENTRIES FIRED ON.

the hedges five or six times last night by unknown persons. The sentries returned the fire-No one was hit.

The 40th Ohio Regiment pitched its tents today at Quemados Camp in two hours, making better time than any other regiment in the

2d Illinois Regiment, has sent to her husband's THE ATTENDING PHYSICIANS MORE HOPEcommand 1,200 oranges and 1,200 temons as a part of their Christmas dinner. The military postoffice has been overloaded all the week with

Americans in the city, are attending a reception to-night at the new United States Club

Major-General William Ludlow, Military Govhave not been announced. They will be relieved each, and \$40 patrolmen, each of whom will receive \$600 salary. The appointment of the deputy chief will not be made soon. A number of They are a mixed lot, consisting of former Spanish soldiers, men who have served in the ranks

number of workmen engaged in removing a pon-Spanish. The removal of the structure was at

hold on January 2 a procession, in which will was isolated as soon as the nature of his disease appear floats with allegorical designs, emblems, was learned. He was landed here banners and bands of music. A festival is ansounced to be held in the Tacon Theatre on the same date, the proceeds of which will be devoted to the purchase of shoes and clothing for the Cuban soldiers coming into the city. Dinner will be served to the Cubans in the Prado and there will be boat races in the harbor, in which American men-of-war's men are invited to compete. Two floats in the procession will be dedicated to the martyrs "de la Patria" and to B. D. Woodward, the United States Assistant | a banquet in honor of General Ludlow. An openof 1900, was also aboard the St. Louis. He has in La Punta. The patriotic committees have called upon the public to contribute clothing so curing concessions of space and other accom- that the soldie's will be able to make a decent

Among the Spaniards who sailed to-day by the Alfonso XIII, were Senor Dolz, Minister of several other officials.

The 6th Missouri Regiment marched to its camp this afternoon.

General Arolas, the Spanish Military Governor operate intelligently with the New- of Havana, delivers over his command to-day, LARGER THAN IN ANY PRECEDING WEEK IN THE

and will sail for Spain to-merrow. A committee of Cubans this morning called on General Wade, the president of the American Evacuation Commission, and inquired if the Commissioners would object to Cuban troops the Paris Exposition coming to Vedado to-day. General Wade re-

The plied: "Perhaps it is better that armed Cubans should not assemble on parade. As the city will be under the command of General Brooke, beginning on January 1, it will be better to consult

General Wade, in effect, politely told the Cubans to keep the troops out of the city. The United States cruiser Cincinnati has arrived here from Santiago.

RELIEVING HUNGER IN CUBA. MANY THOUSAND RATIONS DISTRIBUTED TO THE INHABITANTS.

Washington, Dec. 24.-The Secretary of War has received the following dispatch from Major-Gen-

Havana, December 24. THE RUSSIAN MINISTER OF FINANCE DECLINES

THE PROFFERED LOAN.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 24—It is semi-efficially announced that the Minister of Finance, M.

De Witte, is unable to accept the proposal (re-

Washington, Dec. 24.-Major-General John C. M. Ivins, of New-York, the representative of a Bates, U. S. V., who is now in this city, has been group of financiers, to make a large loan to ordered to assume command of the new military when the United States will take formal posseen in command of the First Division of the First Army Corps, with headquarters at Macon, Brigadier-General Joseph P. Sanger, of the Inspector-General's Department, has been temporarily assigned to the command of the Military Department of Matanzas, Cuba. These two as-State to-day that he has been officially informed signments complete the detail of afficers to comthat a contract for eight) thousand tons of mand the various military departments in Cuba, under the supreme command of Major-General Brooke, who is now on his way to Havana to superintend the steps attending the formal surrender of the territory to the United States forces

POLAND: POLAND: POLAND: POLAND: Pure, deficious and unsurpassed. Received Daily. "Poland," 2 Park Place, N. Y.-Advt.

COL. CHAUNCEY TO RETIRE. THE NEWS OF TWO CAPITALS.

WILL GIVE UP THE COMMAND OF THE EIGHTH REGIMENT.

AMERICAN SENTRIES FIRED AT BY SKULKERS HAS BEEN AT THE HEAD OF THE EIGHTH SINCE

Havana, Dec. 24.-A parade of the United hear that Colonel Henry Chauncey, jr., the comheadquarters of the Fifth Brigade yesterday and was forwarded by General Smith to division headquarters. The reason assigned for his rethe eight regiments, numbering about eight tirement is pressure of business and inability to give the office the attention which it should

Colonel Chauncey is well known not only in his regiment and in the Fifth Brigade, but because of his activity in the affairs of the Naonal Guard Association throughout the State. holiday reflections, in which bitter by He entered the National Guard as first lieuten- with sweet. There is no lack of appreciation in ant of Company G, 8th Regiment, on March 1, the English tributes to American triumphs in 1883, and became captain of his company with- war and in diplomacy, but these moralists feel in six months. In 1886 he advanced to the compelled to sait their homiles as well as to propriety of the troops parading. The officials rank of major, and when the command was sugar their praise. reduced to a battalion in 1893 he was assigned cans as "The Spectator" prophesies that the gent and constant worker in the cause of the command, which became a regiment largely

wasend with upward of one thousand men, which number about 30 per cent were of the original regiment. From Camp Townsend the Eighth was ordered to Camp Thomas, at Chicka-mauga Park, and it was stationed there when

ural that there should be speculation as to his successor. The Heutenant-colonel, who stands in James Morgan Ja Ince 1876 and an of detailed by General Roe for the trial of Captains Meeks and Bleecker

SAGASTA SOMEWHAT BETTER.

FUL OF THE PREMIER'S RECOVERY. Madrid, Dec. 24.-The condition of Senor Sagasta, the Premier, was somewhat better this morning, and the attending doctors are now hopeful of his recovery

A bulletin issued this evening announces that the condition of Senor Sagasta has undergone no change since the last report. PAPERS CEASE PUBLICATION.

Santander, Dec. 24.-The papers here have ceased publication, owing to the severity of the SHARP FALL IN SPANISH SECURITIES.

owing to an unfavorable built-in regarding the con-dition of the Premier, Senor Sagasta. SPANISH SOLDIERS REACH CADIZ. Cadiz, Dec. 24.-The Spanish Transatiantic Line steamer Colon, from Havana December 10, arrived here to-night. She has on board 2,500 repatriated Spanish soldiers.

Madrid, Dec. 24.-After the close of the Bourse

CASE OF THE PLAGUE IN ENGLAND.

SUFFERER FROM THE DREAD INDIAN DISEASE

here this evening of the British steamer Golconda, from Calcutta, November 19, via Mediterranean ports, for London, it was reported board, the patient being one of the cabin passaid that he had bought the bridge from the sengers, an officer in the India Company's service who was coming home on leave.

The sufferer was attacked by the disease the The patriotic committees are preparing to day after the steamer left Marseilles, and he Upon being taken ashore the sufferer was conveyed to the floating hospital.

DISQUIETING RUMORS FROM PARIS.

A MILITARY COUP ALLEGED TO BE PLANNED AND DREYFUS.

London, Dec. 25,-The Paris correspondent of next, but does not give the names of those involved or details of the plot.

hints at similar knowledge, adding that the Court of Cassation on Thursday will give judg- the governing class, where public business is spondent avers, yielding to the Government's another and exchange opinions with foreign plea of "raison d'état," do not dare to pro- representatives. Public Works in the Colonial Cabinet, and nounce a decision which would result in the downfall of the republic.

A NEW RECORD IN DEPOSITS.

HISTORY OF THE CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION

The weekly bank statement issued yesterday by the Clearing House showed a new record in the item of deposits. For the week ended last Saturday the deposits in the associated banks were larger than in any preceding week in the history of the Clearing House Association. For the week ended on yesterday they exceeded that total by \$8,039,700, the new record being \$814,951,800. The total clearances for the week were \$1,022,436,939.65, a sum which has been only slightly exceeded, the valt aggregate of the clearances reflecting faithfully the present activity of business. The cash reserves showed an increase of \$4,605,600, as against an increase of \$2,645,675, indicated by the week's known exchanges with the Government and with the interior banks, the difference being due to large receipts of specie from the Pacific Coast. The receipts of specie from the Pacific Coast. The increase in loans was \$5,640,600, and is attributable to increased borrowing for stock transactions and loans against deposits of sterling exchange as collateral. The statement showed also an increase of \$4,640,600 in gold, of which the banks now hold \$168,965,700.

PRISONER, WHO HAD TRIED TO KILL HIS WIFE,

Scottsburg, Ind., Dec. 24 -A lynching took place here early to-day, and the procedure was so quiet that few of the residents knew of the occurrence until this morning. Marien Tyler was the victim. He had been in jail for several weeks, the result of an attempt on his part to kill his wife.

were masked. They hurried to the Sheriff's home in the lail, called him by name, and, covering him and his sons with runs, the leader demanded the keys of the Jail. The demand was refused, but the mob became so threatening and determined that the Sheriff and his family were frightened into telling where the keys could be found. The mob took them and went to the Jail, where they secured their prisoner and hanged him.

On November 2 Tyler shot and seriously wounded his wife, and then made an ineffectual attempt at suicide. His trial was to have taken place on January 12. The coroner's inquest will take place on Monday. This is the first hanging in the history of Scott County, either lawful or by lynchers. Tyler's parents live at McLeansboro. III.

Winter excursion tickets to Southern resorts, Nassau and Japanica, via Atlantic Coast Line; "New York, Florida Special"; 2 other trains. Apply 229 B'way, Advt.

LONDON.

BRITISH HOLIDAY ADVICE TO AMERI-

Members of the National Guard will regret to VARYING VIEWS AS TO THE ABROGATION OF THE CLAYTON-BULWER TREATY-

THE IMPERIAL PENNY POST

press, instead of waiting for the end of

IBY CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE! London, Dec. 24.-Whether it be a green of

the funeral baked meats for the Chris from monopoly and protection, and that the plant of honest administration will be raised in the new over-sea possessions and transplant-

Another good friend, "The Daily Chronicle,"

finds something to grumble over, even at Christmas time, in the attitude of the American Govover to the effect that many public men in ican interest in total disregard of British rights "The Birmingham Post" to which I referred more fault-finding criticism from the Liberal berlain and Mr. Balfour, both strong friends of the United States, and also by his personal relations with Colonel May, is disposed to favo a reasonable readjustment of the canal question on the lines of American control and the received from the Foreign Office, are discussing the question in a just and friendly spirit. Liberal press, representing the party sition, is insisting in advance that there must be a quid pro quo, and that the present status under the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty must not be altered unless equivalent advantage is obtained in some quarter. There will be censorious critim that press if England does not get something out of the diplomatic pool in which enable the American Government to construct and control the Nicaragua Canal. Happily for America, the Unionist Government is now not only well disposed toward the United States,

but is strongly intrenched in power and in full possession of the confidence of the country. Undue stress has been laid in America upon Mr. Henry White's visit this week to Lord Salisbury at Hatfield House. It is a social engagement which he makes every year, and has no special bearing upon the revision of the treaty, negotiations for which will be conducted in Washington, where other Angle-American que tions are under consideration. While it is true that certain country houses where Ministers and diplomats are entertained when Parliament is not in session are working centres, where foreign affairs are discussed informally. Hatfield is not one of these diplomatic capitals; it is a place where Lord Salisbury broads in silence over British policies, and he is not likely to mingle business with pleasure. The real diplomatic capital of England for eight months in the year is the country house, where men like Mr. Balfour, the Duke of Devonshire, Lord George Hamilton and Mr. Chamberlain are entertained. If any Ambassador wishes to approach Lord Salisbury informally on any subject and suggest a new line of action he accepts an invita-"The Weekly Sun" asserts that he has knowl- tion to some country house where Mr. Balfour the victims of the Maine. It is proposed to give edge of a military coup planned for Wednesday is a guest. The latter is Lord Sallsbury's contidential adviser in foreign affairs, and Mr. Chamberlain also has great influence over him. "The Sunday Special's" correspondent in Paris | England is almost the only European State where country houses are working centres of ment against Dreyfus. The judges, the corre- | dispatched and where Ministers confer with one

Mr. Asquith is almost the only prominent Liberal, except Lord Rosebery, who is constantly met at these exclusive country houses, and for that reason he is a favorite in society circles as Sir William Harcourt's successor for the Liberal leadership of the House of Commons. He is ambitious, and Mrs. Asquith is liked, and he has the best wishes of the West End for carrying off one of the political prizes of the new year. It is an open question whether he has the temper and flexibility required for uniting the distracted Liberal party. Mr. Campbell-Bannerman, if he he not too indolent to undertake the laborious task of leadership, is still considered by close observers as a probable candidate of the Liberal caucus. Mr. Fowler is also favored as everybody's friend and a national trimmer. Mr. Herbert Gladstone is preferred by Mr. Labouchere, and Sir Edward Grey's friends are seeking to prove that while he is in sympathy with Lord Rosebery's diplomatic policies he has strong Radical opinions on social questions. When the list is exhausted the name of any candidate competent to meet Mr. Chamberlain in debate is not found. Sir William Harcourt is the only man on the Liberal

Prince George's triumphal entry into Crete marks not merely the close of a long and confused chapter of European diplomacy dealing with the Eastern Question, but the success of a family plan formed long ago in the Royal Palace at Copenhagen. The late Queen of Denmark, who had great force of character, suggested this solution of the Cretan question, and her daughters, the Dowager Empress of Russia and the Princess of Wales, have exercised & great influence in carrying it out.

Not only is the diplomatic field cleared in Crete, but also on the Upper Nile, where Major Marchand has vanished, and left English censors of French affairs nothing to talk about except the Dreyfus affair and the downfall of the Republic, which is always impending, but never happens. The latest variant of the last timeworn topic is the activity of Prince Victor Napoleon in Paris, and his relations with Empress Eugénie, who is known to prefer his brother, Prince Louis Napoleon, but is now said to have

There is also gossip concerning the reluctance of Queen Victoria to entertain the Duke of Orleans, whom she does not like. The Duke is a man whose career as pretender is not regarded seriously in England. He is entertaining a large